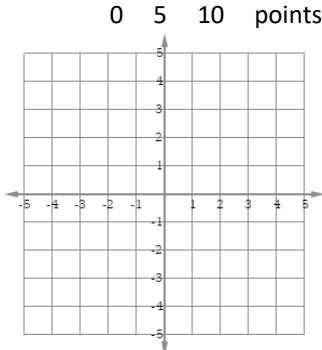


## 06 A – Linear Equations (tables) Test

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

1. Graph the line by using the table of values.

x	y
-3	-2
1	0
5	2



2.

Fill in the table of 3 points for the equation.

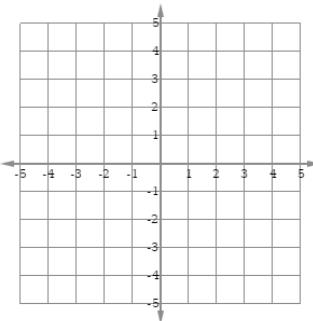
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 4$$

x	y
0	
3	
6	

3. Make a table of three values and graph the line.

$$y = -2$$

x	y
-5	
-4	
-3	
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	



4.

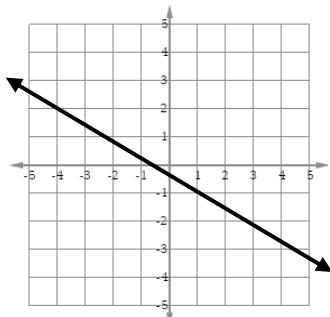
Make a table of 3 points for the equation.

$$y = -2x - 1$$

x	y

5. Determine whether the points fall on the line by graphing. (True or False)

$$A: (-1, 1) \quad B: (-4, 2)$$



6.

Determine whether the points are solutions to the equation by using substitution. (True or False)

$$y = -x + 3$$

$$A: (-1, 4) \quad B: (-4, -1)$$

7. Find the coordinates of the x-intercept and the y-intercept from the equation.

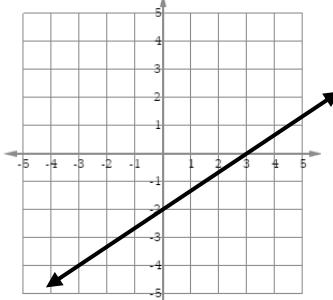
$$2x - 3y = 12$$

$$x\text{-intercept } ( \quad , \quad )$$

$$y\text{-intercept } ( \quad , \quad )$$

8. Identify the coordinates of the x-intercept and y-intercept from the graph.

$$x\text{-int } ( \quad , \quad ) \quad y\text{-int } ( \quad , \quad )$$



9.

Find the coordinates of the x-intercept and the y-intercept from the equation.

$$2x - 4y = 4$$

x	y

10. Make a table of two values and graph the line.

